

General Assembly

Raised Bill No.

428

February Session, 2006

LCO No. 2152

missimoonaniji

Referred to Committee on

INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE
(INS)

# AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TAX CREDIT FOR SMALL EMPLOYERS WHO PROVIDE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THEIR EMPLOYEES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years
- 2 commencing on or after January 1, 2006) There shall be allowed as a
- 3 credit against the tax imposed pursuant to chapter 208 of the general
- 4 statutes in any income year on a small employer, as defined in section
- 5 38a-564 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, who has
- 6 provided health insurance for its employees for a period of three
- 7 consecutive years an amount equal to the amount paid by such small
- 8 employer for health insurance for its employees. Such credit shall be
- 9 allowed upon the purchase of any special health care plan, as defined
- in section 38a-564 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, small employer health care health plan, as defined in said section 38a-564,
- 12 high deductible health plan, as that term is used in subsection (f) of
- 13 section 38a-520 of the general statutes, or any health insurance
- 14 procured pursuant to section 5-259 of the general statutes.
- 15 Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years
- 16 commencing on or after January 1, 2006) There shall be allowed as a

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credit against the tax imposed pursuant to chapter 229 of the general statutes in any income year on a small employer, as defined in section 38a-564 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, who has provided health insurance for its employees for a period of three consecutive years an amount equal to the amount paid by such small employer for health insurance for its employees. Such credit shall be allowed upon the purchase of any special health care plan, as defined in section 38a-564 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, small employer health care health plan, as defined in said section 38a-564, high deductible health plan, as that term is used in subsection (f) of section 38a-520 of the general statutes, or any health insurance procured pursuant to section 5-259 of the general statutes.

This act sha sections:	all take effect as follows and	shall amend the following
Section 1	July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2006	New section
Sec. 2	July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2006	New section

# Statement of Purpose:

17.

To establish a tax credit against the corporation business tax and the income tax for the amount spent by small employers to purchase health insurance for its employees.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

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Senate

CONNECTION STATE LIBRERS DESCRIVE REFERENCE SECTION

File No. 36

February Session, 2006

Substitute Senate Bill No. 428

Senate, March 20, 2006

The Committee on Insurance and Real Estate reported through SEN. CRISCO of the 17th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

# AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TAX CREDIT FOR SMALL EMPLOYERS WHO PROVIDE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THEIR EMPLOYEES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years 2 commencing on or after January 1, 2006) There shall be allowed as a 3 credit against the tax imposed pursuant to chapter 208 of the general 4 statutes in any income year on a small employer, as defined in section 5 38a-564 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, an amount 6 equal to the amount paid by such small employer for health insurance 7 for its employees in the income year, provided such small employer 8 has provided health insurance for its employees for a period of three 9 consecutive years. Such credit shall be allowed upon the purchase of 10 any special health care plan, as defined in section 38a-564 of the 2006 11 supplement to the general statutes, small employer health care health 12 plan, as defined in said section 38a-564, high deductible health plan, as 13 that term is used in subsection (f) of section 38a-520 of the general 14 statutes, or any health insurance procured pursuant to section 5-259 of

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15 the general statutes.

Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2006) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to chapter 229 of the general statutes in any income year on a small employer, as defined in section 38a-564 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, an amount equal to the amount paid by such small employer for health insurance for its employees in the income year, provided such small employer has provided health insurance for its employees for a period of three consecutive years. Such credit shall be allowed upon the purchase of any special health care plan, as defined in section 38a-564 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, small employer health care health plan, as defined in said section 38a-564, high deductible health plan, as that term is used in subsection (f) of section 38a-520 of the general statutes, or any health insurance procured pursuant to section 5-259 of the general statutes.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:					
Section 1	July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2006	New section			
Sec. 2	July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2006	New section			

### Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

The language in the first sentence in sections 1 and 2 was restated for consistency with the general statutes.

INS Joint Favorable Subst.

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The following fiscal impact statement and bill analysis are prepared for the benefit of members of the General Assembly, solely for the purpose of information, summarization, and explanation, and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either House thereof for any purpose:

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 07 \$	FY 08 \$
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Revenue	Significant	Significant
	Loss		_
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Cost	140,000	None

Note: GF=General Fund; These figures have been adjusted for inflation at a rate of 3%

## Municipal Impact: None

### Explanation

The bill is anticipated to result in a significant (greater than \$10 million/yr) revenue loss to the personal income tax and corporation business tax. A more precise estimate cannot be determined since data is not available on the tax liability of small employers but it is unlikely they would have sufficient liability to take credit for 100% of their health care costs. An estimate of health care costs by small employers using data from the US Census Bureau<sup>1</sup> and a state survey completed by the Office of Health Care Access (OCHA)<sup>2</sup> suggests that costs could exceed \$700 million per year.

The bill is also anticipated to result in a one-time cost of \$140,000 in FY 07 to the Department of Revenue Services for programming costs to incorporate the tax credit into the Department's integrated tax administration system.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> According to US Census Bureau, there are approximately 412,000 paid employees employed at firms with less than 50 employees in the state of Connecicut.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A 2004 small employer health survey by the Office of Heath Care Access (OCHA) reported that 66% of small employers offer their employees health insurance, 80% of employees are eligible for their employer's coverage, 75% of eligible employees enroll in their employer sponsored coverage, and employers paid for most of the costs for employee only coverage and two-thirds of the cost of dependent coverage.

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# The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to inflation.

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# OLR Bill Analysis sSB 428

# AN ACT ESTABLISHING A TAX CREDIT FOR SMALL EMPLOYERS WHO PROVIDE HEALTH INSURANCE FOR THEIR EMPLOYEES.

#### SUMMARY:

This bill establishes a corporate tax credit and an income tax credit for a small employer who has provided health insurance for its employees for three consecutive years (although the bill does not indicate when those three years had to occur). The credit in any income year is equal to the amount the employer paid for its employees' health insurance in the income year.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2006, and applicable to income years beginning on or after January 1, 2006.

# SMALL EMPLOYER HEALTH INSURANCE TAX CREDIT

#### Health Insurance

The following are considered "health insurance" for purposes of the tax credit: (1) small employer health care plans; (2) high deductible health plans designed to be compatible with health savings accounts, as permitted by federal law; (3) health insurance plans obtained through the Municipal Employee Health Insurance Program (MEHIP); and (4) special health care plans for previously uninsured small employers, as established by the Connecticut Small Employer Health Reinsurance Pool or the Health Reinsurance Association.

# Small Employer and Employee Defined

A "small employer" is an employer in business for at least three consecutive months of the preceding 12 months with one to 50 eligible employees. An "eligible employee" is one who works full time and at least 30 hours a week.

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A small employer includes a self-employed person. It does not include a private school obtaining health insurance through an association of private schools or the following when participating in MEHIP: (1) municipalities; (2) nonprofit organizations, unless the comptroller and the Office of Policy and Management secretary make a written request to the insurance commissioner to treat them as small employers; (3) personal care assistants' associations; and (4) community action agencies.

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### **MEHIP**

MEHIP is a group health insurance program for municipal employees sponsored by the Comptroller's Office and established by law. Subsequent laws expanded MEHIP eligibility to (1) nonprofit community action agencies, (2) state-contracted nonprofit corporations, (3) regional emergency telecommunications centers and tourism districts, and (4) small employers.

By law, participation in MEHIP must be voluntary. In addition, MEHIP must not affect the rates the state pays for state employee health plans, and participants must pay all administration costs.

#### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Insurance and Real Estate Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute

Yea 14 Nay 1 (03/09/2006)