

## General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 595

February Session, 2006

LCO No. 2804



Referred to Committee on

JUDICIARY

Introduced by: (JUD)

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### AN ACT CONCERNING EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) For the purposes of 2 this section:
- 3 (1) "Eyewitness" means a person whose identification of another 4 person may be relevant in a criminal proceeding;
  - (2) "Photographic lineup" means a procedure in which an array of photographs is displayed to an eyewitness for the purpose of determining if the eyewitness is able to identify the perpetrator of a crime:
- 9 (3) "Live lineup" means a procedure in which a group of persons is 10 displayed to an eyewitness for the purpose of determining if the eyewitness is able to identify the perpetrator of a crime; 11
- 12 (4) "Lineup" means a photographic lineup or live lineup; and
- (5) "Lineup administrator" means the person who conducts a lineup. 13

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- (b) Any lineup conducted by a municipal police department or the
  Division of State Police within the Department of Public Safety shall
  meet the following requirements:
  - 17 (1) The lineup administrator shall be a person who does not know which person in the lineup is suspected as the perpetrator;
    - (2) Prior to a lineup, the eyewitness shall be instructed that (A) the perpetrator might or might not be presented in the lineup, and (B) the lineup administrator does not know which person is suspected as the perpetrator; and
  - (3) Persons in the lineup shall be presented sequentially, not
    simultaneously, except that if, for any reason, the lineup administrator
    knows which person in the lineup is suspected as the perpetrator, the
    lineup shall be presented simultaneously, not sequentially.
  - (c) The municipal police department or the Division of State Police
    within the Department of Public Safety shall make a written record of
    any lineup that such department or said department conducts that
    shall include the following:
  - 31 (1) The date, time and location of the lineup;
  - 32 (2) The names of every person present at the lineup;
  - 33 (3) The words used by the eyewitness in any identification including 34 words that describe the certainty of the eyewitness in the 35 identification;
  - 36 (4) Whether it was a photographic lineup or live lineup;
  - (5) The number of photographs or persons that were presented inthe lineup;
  - (6) Whether the lineup administrator knew which person in thelineup was suspected as the perpetrator;

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41	(7) Whether prior to the lineup the eyewitness was instructed that
42	the perpetrator might or might not be presented in the lineup and that
43	the lineup administrator did not know which person was suspected as
44	the perpetrator;

- 45 (8) Whether the lineup was sequential or simultaneous; and
- 46 (9) The signature of the eyewitness.
- 47 (d) Failure to comply with the requirements of subsections (b) and 48 (c) of this section shall be considered by the court in adjudicating 49 motions to suppress eyewitness identification.
  - (e) Failure to comply with the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall be admissible in support of a claim of eyewitness misidentification provided such evidence is otherwise admissible.
  - (f) If evidence of noncompliance with the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this section has been presented at trial, the jury shall be instructed that it may consider credible evidence of such noncompliance to determine the reliability of eyewitness identification.
  - Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) Each police basic training program conducted or administered by the Division of State Police within the Department of Public Safety, the Police Officer Standards and Training Council established under section 7-294b of the general statutes or municipal police department in the state shall include a course on eyewitness identification procedures and the requirements for conducting a lineup as provided in section 1 of this act.

This act sha sections:	all take effect as follows	and shall amend the following	3
Section 1	October 1, 2006	New section	٦
Sec. 2	October 1, 2006	New section	

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# Statement of Purpose:

To improve the reliability of eyewitness identification by establishing procedures for conducting a police lineup including having a lineup administrator who does not know the identity of the suspect, informing the eyewitness that the perpetrator might not be in the lineup and presenting the lineup members sequentially rather than simultaneously.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

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# State of Connecticut

### **SENATE**

STATE CAPITOL HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106-1591

#### SENATOR MARTIN M. LOONEY

**ELEVENTH DISTRICT** 

MAJORITY LEADER

132 FORT HALE ROAD NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT 06512 **TELEPHONES** HOME: (203) 468-8829 OFFICE: (203) 777-4716 CAPITOL: (860) 240-8600 TOLL FREE: 1-800-842-1420

January 04, 2006

TO: Senator Andrew McDonald, Co-Chair Judiciary Committee Representative Michael Lawlor, Co-Chair Judiciary Committee 7 Public Def bill

FROM: Martin Looney

RE:

Electronic Recording of Interrogations and Eyewitness Identification

I would like to again express my support for the recording of custodial interrogations. As you know, this procedure protects both the police and the suspects in the interrogation process. I have enclosed a brief fact sheet which summarizes the benefits of recorded interrogation.

Secondly, I am also interested in improving the reliability of eyewitness identification. Mistaken eyewitness identification leads to a significant number of erroneous accusations and convictions. The policy summary that I have enclosed outlines some sensible reforms that would lower the number of mistaken identifications. Among these proposals are using an impartial lineup administrator who does not know which member of the lineup is the suspect, telling the witness that the suspect might or might not be in the lineup, and using sequential rather than simultaneous presentation. I believe that these changes would improve the accuracy of our criminal justice system.

I hope and request that the Judiciary Committee will raise bills in the 2006 session to deal with these issues.

> CHARLESTEN STATE STRANKY AWALEGISLATIVE REFERENCE UNIT